Gay & Lesbian Advocates & Defenders

800-455-GLAD

www.GLADAnswers.org

Rights Rhode Island

HIV

Anti-Discrimination

Discrimination on the basis of HIV status is prohibited by both state and federal anti-discrimination laws such as the federal Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). These laws protect all people who are HIV-positive, perceived to be HIV-positive, and people who "associate" with a person with HIV.

Disability anti-discrimination laws cover employment, housing, public accommodations, education, credit, and state or local government services.

- An employer cannot refuse to hire, fire, or discriminate against you in the terms or conditions of employment based on HIV status.
- A public accommodation is a business or place that is open to the public. It includes doctors' offices and hospitals, bars, restaurants, health clubs, hotels, and agencies that provide services. You cannot be denied access or treated differently in any of these places based on HIV status.
- You cannot be denied access to housing, evicted or refused financing because of your HIV status.
- You cannot be discriminated against because of your HIV status if you are a student at a public school or most private schools.

Privacy

- The results of an HIV test cannot be released without your written consent, except in a few specifically prescribed circumstances.
- If your privacy is violated, a civil suit can be filed for damages and, if the violation was intentional, criminal prosecution is possible.

Testing

- Rhode Island only requires oral informed consent for HIV testing. In some cases (e.g. minors, occupational exposure and an emergency), you may be tested even if it is against your wishes. Rhode Island requires mandatory HIV testing for people convicted of certain crimes, for all adult prisoners and for donated sperm.
- If you are pregnant, you will be asked to provide oral consent to be tested. If you refuse, your newborn can be tested without your consent.
- If you are under 18, you can give your consent to be tested without obtaining your parents' permission.
- For information about testing, visit: http://1.usa.gov/1mG3qpD

MORE INFORMATION

S Justice Resource Institute

Learn More About Your Rights as a Person Living with HIV
Visit WWW.GLAD.ORG/HIV

Employer Inquiries

Disability anti-discrimination laws regulate what an employer may ask about health or disability.

- No questions may be asked about health or disability before a conditional offer.
- ADA permits medical exams and questions about health after a conditional offer as long as all employees in that category are asked the same questions.
- Rhode Island prohibits an employer from requiring an HIV test.

Reasonable Accommodation

- Disability anti-discrimination laws require "reasonable accommodation" in employment.
- "Reasonable accommodation" is a modification of policies/procedures to enable an employee with a disability to perform the job.

Disability Insurance

If you are unable to work and are on SSDI or private disability insurance, it is important to work closely with your medical providers to make sure that the medical documentation supports your continuing need for disability insurance.

HIV Transmission

There are no specific criminal laws concerning the transmission of the HIV virus.



Beyond the basics...

GLAD Answers can help you:

- Understand how to file a complaint if you are discriminated against in your job, a public accommodation, housing, obtaining credit, or at school.
- Understand what it means to ask for a "reasonable accommodation" in your job.
- Understand your rights when it comes to being tested for HIV and having those test results kept private.
- Get the information and referrals you need!

